

CURRICULUM

FOR

MIDWIFERY

AND

PUPIL MIDWIVES

PAKISTAN NURSING COUNCIL ISLAMABAD - PAKISTAN

PREFACE

Midwife is one of the most important Mid Level worker in the Health Delivery system of our country. She successfully completed the prescribed course of the subject and acquires diploma which is recognized by Pakistan Nursing Council. In her duties, she must be able to give supervision, care and advice to the women during pregnancy, labour and to conduct, deliveries on her own responsibility and to give care for the newborn. This includes preventive measures, deduction of abnormal conditions in mother and child and the procurement of medical cover for them. In this connection her most important task is to arrange emergency measures in the absence of any medical assistance. Her involvement in antenantal education and preparation for parenthood, certain areas of Gynaecology, Family Planning and Child Care are most important.

The Pakistan Nursing Council keeping all the above in view and the requirements of both urban and rural areas of the country appointed a sub-committee for the revision of existing curriculum which worked hard in evolving the revised syllabus for training midwives in which proper guidance has given with regard to strategies, to be adopted while delivering lectures in various subjects. This syllabus covers all the modern requirements in the enhasement of knowledge of the students.

I am pleased with revision of curriculum of Midwifery, the work on this syllabus has been completed and I must congratulate all the participants in this respect who have done commendable iobs.

Dated: 15-2-94

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(Mrs. Faizalam Zaib)

Vice President, PNC & Chairperson

of

Education Committee

RECOMMENDATIONS.

The Revision Committee strongly recommended the following:-

- 1. After thorough discussion it was suggested that duration of Pupil Midwives Training should be increased i.e. one year Training excluding 12 weeks P.T.S. Training on the following grounds.
- a) The candidates who are selected for the above said training, has no back ground knowledge of medicine & nursing.
- b) Most of these candidates are Matric III Division without Science and it is very difficult for them to understand the medical and scientific terminology.
- Age limit for admission should be from 15 to 30 years and must not exceed 35 years in special circumstances.
- Every School of Nursing should be bounded to constitute their own prospectus and it should be revised yearly. A copy of the same should be sent to the Pakistan Nursing Council for the record.
- 4. A Sub Committee may be constituted in order to frame out the role, Job Description and Legal limitations of MIDWIFE in the light of existing health policy.
- Presently District Midwifery Services are not functioning property in all Hospitals/Nursing Training Schools. It is, therefore, suggested that the Pakistan Nursing Council as being a Controlling Body, will request to the Provincial Govt. for organizing and Establishing these services in all leading Hospital of the Provinces of Pakistan and whenever the school is inspected, the Inspectressess must visit this Department thoroughly.
- There is no clear cut instructions for the use of different drugs, which can be used by the Nurses
 during their District Midwifery practice, these should be formulated.
- STANDING ORDERS:

For Charge Nurses, Midwives and LHVS should be framed out.

PAKISTAN NURSING COUNCIL ISLAMABAD

Requirements and Syllabus for the training of Nurse Midwife/Pupil Midwife (See Section 16(1) of the Pakistan Nursing Council Act, 1973 adopted by the Pakistan Nursing Council at its meeting of April, 1974 and revised up to the August, 1992.

1. **GRADE OF MIDWIVES**

There shall be only one grade of Midwife in Pakistan viz the Midwife.

MINIMUM QUALIFICATION (FOR PUPIL MIDWIFE) 2.

No girl shall be admitted to the Midwives course unless she has passed Matriculation examination or its equivalent, obtaining 45% marks. Verification of Matric Certificate must be done at the time of admission in the Training.

- 3. The training of midwives course shall be given in English/Urdu.
- 4. AGE. 15 to 30 years relaxable upto 35 years.
- Medical check up should be done by the Institution before joining the training. 5.

6. PERIOD OF TRAINING

NURSE MIDWIFE:ii) SECTION II LHV

STUDENT

There shall be a minimum period of one year training.

There shall be a minimum period of one year training including 10 weeks in a preliminary training session.

iii) PUPIL MIDWIFE:- There shall be a minimum period of one year training excluding 12 weeks in a preliminary training session.

7. NUMBER OF EXAMINATION.

P.T.S. EXAMINATION.

At the end of 10th week there shall be an internal examination arranged by the Institution concerned. The girl who will fail, will be re-examined after a period of 4 weeks, on second failure, she will be discharged from the school.

MIDWIFERY FINAL EXAMINATION (NURSING EXAMINATION BOARD). b)

The candidates who after completion one year course, failed to clear the final examination within the prescribed time, she will re-appear as under:-

NURSE MIDWIFE:-

Since she is a qualified Nurse, she can re-appear for any number of attempts in Midwifery Examination without stipend till she qualifies.

PUPIL MIDWIFE:-

After failing in the examination, her stipend will be stopped and she can reappear in examination for two successive examinations through her Institution. After that she will be allowed to appear in examinations for two successive examinations after submitting admission forms and paying necessary examination fee directly to the Controller Nursing Examination Board of the Province and the Board will direct her to sit for examination. The failure candidates must have to attend 15 lectures and conduct 5 cases in her respective Institution before re-appearing in the examination.

8. <u>FEES FOR EXAMINATION</u>

The Provincial Examination Boards shall levy for Examination according to their own rules.

9. PASS MARKS

The following minimum pass marks shall be required to be obtained in all subjects:-

- 1. Written 50%
- 2. Oral50%
- 3. Aggregate 50%

10. MALE STUDENTS

Only female students shall be eligible for admission and no male students shall be admitted to this course.

11. MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS FOR THE TRAINING HOSPITALS

a) NUMBER OF BEDS

No Hospital shall be allowed to train Midwives unless it has 20 occupied beds and an admission of at east 200 Midwifery Cases in a year. The distribution of beds of a Maternity Unit shall be as follows:-

- 1) Antenatal Beds 02
- 2) Lying-in-Beds 14
- 3) Labour Beds 02
- 4) Septic Beds 02

- c) She has produced a certificate signed by the Principal or Nursing Superintendent of a recognised training school that her training has been completed.
- d) When training is taken in two hospitals, a transfer certificate on the prescribed form shall be submitted at the time of applying for examination.

13. MISCELLANEOUS

a) DOMICIALIARY MIDWIFERY

Each training institution must arrange to provide domiciliary midwifery experience to the students under training and where this is not possible for the institutions to arrange, they should get affiliate with the nearest M.C.H. Centre or Public Health Nursing School.

b) RESIDENCE

Local students shall reside out side the Hostel with their parents/guardians. Punctuality,training Rules and regulation must be observed.

c) Leave not exceeding one month in a year, may be granted at the discretion of the training school authorities. Any leave taken over and above this amount whether sick or extra-ordinary shall be made up by the candidate after appearing for the examination.

d) TEXT BOOK

Books approved by the Pakistan Nursing Council e . g . A text book for Midwifery by Margaret Myles .

REFERENCE BOOKS

- Fundamentals of Obstetrics and Gynaecology .
 (Volume one Obstetrics by Liewellyn Jones)
- Text Book of Obstetrics (by Dr. Shaukat Haroon)

e) RECORDS (TRAINING)

All records regarding lectures given , attendance , progress report , Test and Examination , Clinical Instructions , Health Record must be maintained in proper record Register prescribed by

Pakistan Nursing Council . Personnel records shall be maintained by Nursing Superintendent or Principal/Tutor School of Nursing

f) DISCIPLINARY PROCEDURES

The disciplinary rules prescribed by Pakistan Nursing Council for General Nursing Training will be followed for Midwives .

15. SYLLABUS AND CURRICULA

The following curricula is prescribed for the training of midwives/Pupil Midwife :-

a) Each student must do at least 20 antenatal examinations in clinics/homes , 5 veginal examinations conduct 25 deliveries including 5 in the Districts , nurse 20 lying in women and their babies , each of which must be entered in their case books which must be properly maintained in the prescribed form .

The student must also witness at least 25 cases normal/ abnormal.

b) At the time of oral examination she should produce her case book duly filled in and signed by her Nursing Superintendent/ Principal/ School of Nursing. Further each case in the book will be signed by the Tutor Sister/ Supervising Midwife.

c) Each student must have attended a minimum of 85% of lectures .

TOTAL PERIOD OF TRAINING 12 MONTHS .

a) NURSE MIDWIFE

52 weeks theoretical and practical training .

b) PUPIL MIDWIFE

12 weeks P.T.S. Training in Obstetrics and Obstetrics

Nursing, 52 weeks theoretical and practical training in

Obstetrics & Obstetrics Nursing .

NOTE:

No P.T.S. for Nurse Midwife .

SESSION - 1

PRELIMINARY TRAINING SESSION FOR PUPIL MIDWIFE (12 WEEKS DURATION)

1.	Orientation		36 HOURS
		THEORY	PRACTICAL
2.	Anatomy & Physiology	20 Hours	20 Hours
3.	Microbiology	20 "	06 "
4.	Materia Medical	08 "	
5.	(Pharmacology) First Aid	10 "	06 "
6.	Basic Nursing Care	70 "	120 "
	Total :-	128 "	152 "
LESS		M constructed hatel 10th	
	Preparation of Examination	36 Hours	
	MONTHS - Server a send control of the control of th	and House	
	Grand Total :-	280 Hours	

COURSE: ANATOMY & PHYSIOLOGY

TOTAL = 40 HOURS
THEORY = 20 HOURS
PRACTICAL = 20 HOURS

				PRACTICAL = 20 HOURS
	OBJECTIVES		CONTENTS	TEACHING/LEARNING STRATEGIES
1,	Understands the terms of Anatomy & Physiology	1.	Definition of Anatomy & Physiology	Lecture
2.	Give characteristics of living matter/things.	2.	Characteristics of living matter/things.	Discussions/Lecture
		2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4 2.5 2.6	activity/movement Respiration Digestion Excretion growth Reproduction	
3.	Describe structure and functions of various types of cells.	3. 3.1 3.2 3.3	Cells Types Structure Functions	
4.	Name the organs of various system of the body.	4. 4.1	Systems of the body Organs of each systems	Lecture
5.	Describe various groups of blood.	5.	Blood groups	Lecture
6.	Describe Blood.	6 6.1 6.2 6.3	Characteristics and Function of Blood Volume Composition Blood Groups	Lecture. Demonstration
7.	Describe the basic Structure and functions of various systems of the body.	7.	Basic Structure and Functions of various systems.	Lecture Charts
		7.1 ** ** ** ** **	Circulatory System Heart:- Structure, Position and Functions of heart Circulation of Blood Arteries. Veins Capillaries	Models. Video.

OBJECTIVES	CONTENTS	TEACHING/LEARNING STRATEGIES
**	Pulse Blood Pressure	Demonstration Return Demonstration, Takes her own Pulse Takes BP of 10 Colleagues
7.2	Nervous System Parts of Nervous System Functions of each part	
7.3 ** ** **	Respiratory System Organs of Respiratory System Position Structure	Count respiration of her nearest St.
7.4 ** **	Digestive System Structure and Functions of the alimentary tract Liver Gall Bladder	Charts
7.5 ** ** ** ** ** **	Process of Digestion & absorption Excretory System Organs of Urinary System Structure Function Urine Formation Composition	
7.6 ** **	Glandular System Glands and Hormones Function of Glands and Hormones	
7.7 ** ** **	Reproductive System Organs of Male and Female Structure Functions Hormones	Lecture Charts Models

OBJECTIVES		CONTENTS	TEACHING/LEARNING STRATEGIES
HOHIOS & YROCHE HOHIO & CANTONARY HOMEAN CONTRACTOR	7.8 **	Lymphatic System Structure and Functions of lymphatic System	Lecture Chart Model
CHOSTARIO Februarios	**	Lymph Glands Lymph Ducts	
	7.9 ** ** ** **	Skin Composition of Skin Epidermis Dermis Sweat Glands Functions of Skins	Lectures Charts Models
	7.10 ** ** **	Special Senses Eyes, Ear, Nose Structure Functions	Lectures Charts Models

COURSE : MICROBIOLOGY

TOTAL = 26 HOURS THEORY = 20 HOURS PRACTICAL = 06 HOURS

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_	OBJECTIVES		CONTENTS	TEACHING/LEARNING STRATEGIES
1.	Define Microbiology	1.	Definition of Microbiology	Lecture
2.	Describe usefulness of Microbiology to Human being.	2. 2.1 2.2	Normal useful organisms. Types Functions	Lecture Charts
3.	Describe various types of	3.	Disease Causing Organisms	
	organisms causing disease.	3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4	Bacteria Viruses Protozoa Fungi	Lecture Charts Slides.
4.	Discuss Prevention of	4.	Infection:-	
	Infection.	4.1 4.2 4.3	Sources. Modes Control.	Lectures Discussion
5.	Define Immunity.	5. 5.1 5.2	Immunity Natural. Acquired	Lecture.

COURSE : PHARMACOLOGY

TOTAL = 10 HOURS THEORY = 10 HOURS PRACTICAL = NIL HOURS

	OBJECTIVES		CONTENTS	TEACHING/LEARNING STRATEGIES
1.	Define Meteria Medica and therapeutics.	1.	Definition of Meteria Medica and therapeutics.	Lecture.
2.	Differentiate between metric and apothcary system.	2.	Different weights and measures of solids and liquids.	
3.	Describes various routes of administration of drugs.	3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 3.5	Different routes of administration of drugs with proper care in each case. Orals Inhalations Through Mucous membranes Injections Local applications	Lecture Demonstration
4.	State the responsibility of Pupil Midwife in the care and use of drugs.	4.	Responsibilities of Midwife in the measurement, store and administration of drugs & maintaining accurate record.	Lecture
5	. Explain various disinfectants used commonly in Nursing.	5. 5.1 5.2	Definition Types and Methods. Strengths of various disinfectants.	Lectures.

COURSE : FIRST AID

TOTAL = 22 HOURS THEORY = 16 HOURS PRACTICAL = 06 HOURS

OR IFOTIVES			PRACTICAL = 06 HOURS
OBJECTIVES		CONTENTS	TEACHING/LEARNING STRATEGIES
1. Define First Aid.	1. 1.1 1.2	Definition Concept of First Aid Purpose of First Aid	Lecture
Identify Problems of Bleeding and trauma leading to Shock	2. 2.1	Signs and Symptoms of Shock and Unconsciousness First Aid treatment of shocks & unconsciousness	Lecture
3. Describe Heamorrhage.	3. 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 3.5	Causes of Heamorrhage Signs and Symptoms Internal Heamorrhage External Heamorrhage Control of Bleeding Pressure Points	Lecture
 Describe, various types o wounds. 	f 4.	Various types of wounds	Lecture.
	4.1 4.2	Characteristics of wounds Management of various wounds	Lecture Charts
Describe various types & Firsd Aid of fractures.	5.	Fracture	
	5.1 5.2	Types First Aid	
6. Describe referral Services	6. 6.1	Meaning of Referral Chain of Referral.	Lecture.
 List various drugs and supplies for emergency use. 	7. •	List of Emergency drugs	Lecture

COURSE: FUNDAMENTAL OF NURSING

TOTAL = 180 HOURS THEORY = 60 HOURS PRACTICAL = 120 HOURS

	OBJECTIVES		CONTENTS	TEACHING/LEARNING STRATEGIES
1.	Define Nursing, Purpose of Nursing	1.	Introduction of Nursing	Lecture
	rtaronig	1.1	History of Nursing	
		1.2	Purpose of Nursing to help	
			patients	
		1.3	Ethics of Nursing	
2.	Demonstrate and Explain	2.	Admission, transfer and	Lecture
	procedures regarding admissions transfer and		discharge of patients from Hospital	
	discharge of patients.	0.4	Welcome and Reception of	
		2.1	patient	
		2.2	Procedure of admission	
		2.3	Procedure of transfer	
		2.4	Procedure of Discharge	
		2.5	Record Keeping	
3	Describe Principles of Bed Making	3.	Bed Bath Procedure	Lecture Demonstration
		3.1	Purpose	
		3.2	Equipment	
		3.3	Principles to be observed	
		3.4	Procedure	
4.	Describe Procedure of Bed Bath	4.	Bed Making	
		4.1	Types	
		4.2	Procedure	
-		4.3	Requirement	
5.	Demonstrate General Principles of Oral Hygiene.	5.	Purpose of Oral Hygiene	Lecture Demonstration
	Timospies of Grantingians.	5.1	Necessary equipment	
		5.2	Procedure	
۶,		5.3	Care of dentures	
6.	Explain use and removal of Bed Pan.	6.	Use of Bed Pan	
	Jeu Fall.	6.1	Requirement	
		6.2	Method of use	

	OBJECTIVES		CONTENTS	TEACHING/LEARNING STRATEGIES
		6.3	Removal of Bed Pan	Lecture Demonstration
7.	Explain Bed Sores and their prevention.	7.	Definition of Bed Sore	Lecture
		7.1 7.2 7.3	Causes of Bed Sores Treatment Prevention	zula pernut en tro
8.	Demonstrate filling of hot water bottle and ice cap.	8. 8.1 8.2 8.3 8.4	Purpose use of hot water bottle and ice cap Equipment Procedure After care of equipment Precautions	Lecture Demonstration
9.	Demonstrate positions used in Nursing.	9.1 9.2 9.3 9.4 9.5 9.6 9.7 9.8 9.9	Different positions used in Nursing Recumbent semi recumbent Prone Upright Dorsal Lateral (Left and Right) Follower Lithotomy Knee Chest	Lecture Demonstration
10.	Define enemata, purpose and procedure.	10. 10.1 10.2 10.3 10.4 10.5 10.6 10.7	Types Purpose Solution Equipment Procedure After care of patient After care of equipment	Lecture Demonstration
11.	Demonstrate Temperature, Pulse and Respiration recording	11.	Definition of Temperature, Pulse and respiration	Lecture Demonstration
13		11.1 11.2 11.3 11.4 11.5	Temperature taking Equipment required Recording Temperature Counting Pulse Watch with a second hand	

	OBJECTIVES		CONTENTS	TEACHING/LEARNING STRATEGIES
	¥0.636	11.6 11.7 11.8 11.9	Purpose Recording Counting of Respiration Purpose Watch with a second hand	to, seculi pe go dangan te salah dangan dangan tengah teng
12.	Demonstrate Blood			ACTICAL STREET
12.	Pressure recording	12.	Blood Pressure Taking	Lecture Demonstration
		12.1 12.2 12.3 12.4	Purpose Equipment Procedure Chartings	Practice
13.	Describe various methods of Sterilization	13. 13.1 13.2 13.3	Sterlization Definition Purpose Methods used	
14.	Demonstrate techniques for handling and collecting specimens	14. 14.1 14.2 14.3	Purpose of Collection of Specimens Methods of Collection Procedure to sent to laboratory Urine testing for Alb. & Sugar	Lecture Demonstration
15.	Describe Procedure of Catheterization	15.	Definition of Catheterization	Lecture
	*	15.1 15.2 15.3 15.4	Purpose of Catherization Sterile Equipments Procedure Precaution	Demonstration
16.	Describe Obstetrics and Gynecological Nursing Procedures	16.	Perinnial Toilets	Lecture Demonstration
		16.1 16.2 16.3 16.4 16.5	Purpose Equipment Solution Procedure Precautions	

OBJECTIVES		CONTENTS	TEACHING/LEARNING STRATEGIES
	17.2	(d) Purpose & Procedure of Baby bath.	
17. Develops skills in carrying out various procedures, relating to Mother & Baby	17.	Weight, Hight & Baby bath (a) Taking of Maternal Height & Wt. Checking of Hb% (b) Taking Height, Wt. & Measurements of new born. (c) Requirements (d) Purpose and Procedure of baby bath	contract of the decompt of the contract of the decompt of the deco

MIDWIFERY (4TH YEAR) 52 WEEKS

4TH YEAR	THEORY	PRACTICAL
Obstetrics	144 Hours	666 Hours
Obstetrical Nursing	144 Hours	666 Hours
	Total: 288 Hours	1332 Hours
Independent Study/ Tutorial/Library	72 Hours	
Examination	36 Hours	
	Total: 108 Hours	

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Grand Total 1728 Hours (Excluding 4 weeks annual leave)

Total working hours = 1728

INTRODUCTION OF MIDWIFERY

	INTROL	0001	ION OF WIIDWIFERT	TIME = 4 HOURS
_	OBJECTIVES		CONTENTS	TEACHING/LEARNING STRATEGIES
1.	Define Midwifery	1. 1.1	Definition Midwifery Midwife	Lecture Discussion
2.	Describe the history of Midwifery	2.	History of Midwifery	
3.	Understanding of Midwife's role towards Community & Profession	3.	Responsibilities of Midwife towards	
	1 101000.0	3.1	Client	
		3.2	Family	
		3.3	Community/Society	
		3.4	Profession	

ANATOMY AND PHYSIOLOGY OF REPRODUCTIVE ORGANS.

Time=12 HOURS

_	OBJECTIVES		CONTENTS	TEACHING/LEARNING STRATEGIES
1.	The string ago of Ividic d		Pelvis	STRATEGIES
	Female reproductive	1.1	Description (Bones & joints)	Lecture
	organs, their structure and	1.2	Functions	
	functions.	1.3	Types	Charts
		1.4	Measurement	Models
		1.5	Difference between Male &	
			Female Pelvis	
			Pelvic Floor	
		1.6	Muscels.	
		1.7	Ligaments.	
		1.8	Functions of Pelvic Floor	
		1.9	Blood Supply	
		1.10	Nerve Supply	
			Female Organs of Reproduction.	
		1.11	External	CONTROL MEANING
		1.12	Internal.	
		1.13	Structure.	Charts
		1.14	Functions.	Gilaits
			Mammary Glands	
		1.15	Structure	Models
		1.16	Functions	Models
2.	Describe the physical	2.	Puppetry	
	changes in Male and	2.1	Male	
	Female at Puberty	2.2	Female	
3.	Gain knowledge about menstrual cycle and	3.	Menstrual cycle	
	describe the harmones affecting the cycle		Menopause	

DEVELOPMENT OF THE FOCTUS

TIME: 20 HOURS

	OBJECTIVES		CONTENTS	TEACHING/LEARNING STRATEGIES
1.	Understand and describe the development of Fertilized Ovum	1. ** ** **	Ovulation Fertilization/Conception Implantation of Ovum Development of fertilized Ovum/Zygote	Lecture Model Charts
2.	Describe Placenta, Its structure functions & abnormalities	2. 2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4 2.5	Development of Placenta Definition Structure Functions Abnormalities Diseases	
3.	Describe month to month development of foctus	3.	Development of the embryo, foctus, month to month	
4.	Describe F. Skull and its various diameters.	4. 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4	Foctus Skull Bones. Sutures Fontanelles Diameters	Lectures
5	Describe F. Circulation	5. 5.1 5.2 5.3	Foctal Circulation Temporary Structure Course of Circulation Changes at Birth.	Charts Model.

PREGNANCY

TIME: 12 HOURS

	OBJECTIVES	23.4	CONTENTS	TEACHING/LEARNING STRATEGIES
1.	Gain knowledge about normal phenomina of	1.	Definition	Lecture
	pregnancy.	1.1	Duration of Pregnancy	
		4.0	Dharida ind Ohanna	Charts
		1.2	Physiological Changes	
		1.3	Diagnosis of Pregnancy.	
		1.4	Relationship of the foctus to Ut. and Pelvis.	Practice on Dummy
2.	Develop understanding of	2.	Signs an symptoms of	
	nutritional requirement during pregnancy and give		Pregnancy.	
	advise to pregnant women.	2.1	Minor disorders of Pregnancy.	
	-Casa and an analysis and a second	2.2	Nutrition in Pregnancy.	ear elli pastendini X

ANTENATAL CARE

TIME: 12 HOURS

	OBJECTIVES		CONTENTS	TEACHING/LEARNING STRATEGIES
1.	To understand the importance of Antenatal	1.	Definition	Lecture Posters
	Care.	1.1	Aims & advantages.	
2.	To understand the Psychology of Pregnant woman	2.	Psychological aspect of Pregnancy	Charts
3.	Develop Skills in Physical & Clinical examination of an	3.	Physical & Clinical examination.	Demonstrations
	expectant mother.	3.1	History taking	
		3.2	Abdominal Palpation	
		3.3	Pelvic Assessment.	
4.	Understand the need of Health Teaching to	4.	Advises to Pregnant Women.	
	pregnant woman and give advise when needed	4.1	Mother craft classes.	

COMPLICATION OF PREGNANCY

TIME: 44 HOURS

	OBJECTIVES		CONTENTS	TEACHING/LEARNING STRATEGIES
1.	Gain knowledge about the conditions associated with bleeding in early pregnancy and their management.	1. 1.1 1.2 1.3	Conditions associated with bleeding during early pregnancy. Implantation bleeding. Cervical lesions. Abortion.	Lecture Discussion Charts Specimens
		1.4 1.5 1.6 1.7	Caused of abortion Types Signs & Symptomes Treatment	
		1.8 1.9 1.10 1.11	Cervical incompetence Legal aspect of Abortion. Islamic Views Enforced Law	
2.	Gain knowledge about the abnormal amount of liquor amnie and its effect on pregnant woman and foctus	2 2.1 2.2 2.3	Ectopic Pregnancy Bacteramic Shock Hydatidiform Mole Choricarcinoma	
3.	Develop Skills in Diagnoses of Hydramnios.	3. 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 3.5 3.6	Hydramnios Definition Types. Causes Signs and Symptoms Management Complication	
4.	Gain knowledge about the diseases caused by Toxaemias of pregnancy and their management.	4. 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 4.5 4.6	Toxaemias of Pregnancy Definition Types Hyperemesis gravidarum Essential hypertension Pre-eclampsia Eclampsia	Lecture Discussion

	OBJECTIVES		CONTENTS	TEACHING/LEARNING STRATEGIES
5.	Gain knowledge of diseases associated with pregnancy & their management.	5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6	Diseases Associated with Pregnancy Cardiac Diseases Diabetes Pulmonary T.B. Anaemia Rubella Urinary tract Infection.	
6.	Develop understanding about diseases transmitted by sexual contact and their management.	6 6.1 6.2 6.3 6.4 6.5	Sexually transmitted diseases. Trichomoniasis Cardidiasis Syphlis Gonorrhea Aid/HIV infection	
7.	Gain knowledge about the causes of bleeding occurring in late Pregnancy and their management.	7. 7.1 7.2 7.3 7.4 7.5	Bleeding associated with late pregnancy Ante partum haemorrhage. Definition Types Signs & Symptoms Management	Lecture Discussion

NORMAL LABOUR

TIME: 40 HOURS

	OBJECTIVES	TOTAL STATE	CONTENTS	TEACHING/LEARNING STRATEGIES
1.	Develop understanding & skill in the management of normal labour	1. 1.2 1.3 1.4 1.5	Definition Causes of onset of Labour Signs of labour Mechanism of Normal Labour Physiological changes in first, Second and third stage of labour. Management Complication of first, second and third stages of Labour	Lecture Discussion Demonstration Charts

ABNORMAL LABOUR

TIME: 50 HOUR

	OBJECTIVES		CONTENTS	TEACHING/LEAF
1.	Define and discuss abnormal labour/Dystocia	1. 1.1 1.2 1.3	Definition of abnormal labour or dystocia Causes due to: Power Passenger Passage.	STRATEGIE
2.	Develop understanding of mechanism of various abnormal presentations & positions.	2.1 2.2	Mal Presentation Occipito posterior position of vertex	Lecture Discussion
3.	Develop skills in diagnosis of Mal Presentation.	3.1 3.2 3.3	Deep transverse arrest Face Presentation Brow Presentation	
4.	Develop skills in the management of various Mal presentations & Mal positions.	4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4	Shoulder Presentation/Transverse. Breech presentation Management of abnormal Labour	Demonstration
5.	Develop understanding and skills about diagnosis and management of multiple Pregnancy.	5.	Multiple Pregnancy	
6.	Develop understanding and skills in the management of disordered uterine action.	6 6.1 6.2 6.3 6.4 6.5 6.6 6.7 6.8 6.9 6.10 6.11	Disordered uterine action. Hyponic uterine action Incoordinate uterine action. Hypertonic uterine action Constriction ring. Cervical dystocia. Rigid Cervix. Oedematous interior lip of cervix Prolonged Labour Contracted Pelvis Trial of Labour Obstructed Labour	

	OBJECTIVES		CONTENTS	TEACHING/LEARNING STRATEGIES
7.	To gain knowledge about the various obstetrical emergencies and their	7. 7.1 7.2	Obstetrical emergencies. Rupture of uterine. Prolapse of cord.	Lecture.
	management.	7.3	Acute inversion of uterus.	Discussion
8.	Develop understanding and skills in the management of complications of third stage of Labour	8.1 8.2 8.3 8.4 8.5	Complications of third stage of Labour. Post partum Haemorrhage. Adherent Placenta. Retained Placenta Vulval Haematoma. Collapse and shock.	

OBSTETRICAL OPERATIONS

TIME: 10 HOURS

	OBJECTIVES			TO HOURS
			CONTENTS	TEACHING/LEARNING
1.	Gain knowledge about various obstetrical operations and their management.	1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4	Version Induction Episiotomy Forceps delivery & vacuum. extraction.	STRATEGIES Lecture Discussion
2.	Develop skills in dealing with the various obstetrical operations.	2.1. 2.2 2.3 2.4	Ceasarian section Destructive operations. Craniotomy Embriotomy	

<u>Unit -10</u>

PUERPERIUM

TIME: 8 HOURS

	OBJECTIVES		CONTENTS	TEACHING/LEARNING STRATEGIES
1.	Develop knowledge & skills in providing postnatal care.	1.1	Definition.	Lecture
		1.2	Physiological changes.	Demonstration.
		1.3	Management & Nursing Care	

<u>Unit -11</u>

COMPLICATION OF PUERPERIUM

TIME: 16 HOURS

	OBJECTIVES		CONTENTS	TEACHING/LEARNING STRATEGIES
1.	Gain knowledge and	1.1	Puerperal sepsis.	
	develop skills in the management of	1.2	Puerperal Haemorrhage (see P.P.H)	Lecture Discussion
	complications occurring	1.3	Sub involution of uterus.	
	during lying in period.	1.4	Retention of urine.	
		1.5	Post Parlum Eclampsia.	
		1.6	Abnormal conditions of lactating breast.	
		1.7	Mastitis.	
		1.8	Breast abscess.	
		1.9	Cracked nipples.	
		1.10	Septicaemia.	
		1.11	Thrombo phlebitis.	
		1.12	White leg.	
		1.13	VVF & RVF.	
		1.14	Puerperal Psychosis	

NEW BORN BABY

TIME: 12 HOURS

	OBJECTIVES		CONTENTS	TEACHING/LEARNING STRATEGIES
1	develop skills in the care of	1.1	Definition.	Lecture
	new born.	1.2	Physiology of the new born Immediate care of new born.	Demonstration.
2.	Gain knowledge about	2	After care of new born.	atam.
	breast feeding to meet the	2.1	Breast feeding.	
	physiological &	2.2	Advantages.	
	psychological needs of mother & child and help the	2.3	Contra indication of breast feeding.	
	mother in promotion of breast feeding.	2.4	Artificial feeding	

<u>Unit -13</u>

PREMATURITY & POSTMATURITY

TIME: 8 HOURS

	OBJECTIVES		CONTENTS	TEACHING/LEAR STRATEGIE
1.	Gain knowledge and develop skills in the care of premature and postmature infants.	(a) 1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4 1.5 1.6	Prematurity. Definition. Causes. Signs Prevention. Management and Nursing Care. Complication of Prematurity.	Lecture Discussion Film & Slides
		(b) 1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4 1.5	Postmaturity. Definition. Causes Signs. Management. Complication of Postmaturity.	

<u>Unit -14</u>

COMPLICATIONS OF NEW BORN

TIME: 10 HOURS

	OBJECTIVES		CONTENTS	TEACHING/LEARNING STRATEGIES
1	. Gain knowledge and	1.1	Neonatal asphyxia.	Lecture
	develop skill sin the	1.2	Birth Injuries.	Discussion
	management of complications of new born.	1.3	Congenital malformations.	Film & Slides
		1.4	Infections/diseases	
		1.5	Haemorrhagic diseases.	
		1.6	Causes of neonatal deaths.	

<u>Unit -15</u>

PRINCIPLES AND PRACTICE OF DISTRICT MIDWIFERY

TIME: 20 HOUR

	OBJECTIVES		CONTENTS	TEACHING/LEARN STRATEGIES
1.	Understand the principles & importance of District Midwifery Services for the mother & child.	1.1 1.2 ** ** ** ** 1.3	Definition District Midwifery Organization Staff District Midwifery Supervisor Charge Nurse Nurse Midwife/Pupil Midwife Bearer Driver Functions (To provide antenatal, Intranatal and postnatal care to all the registered cases in the homes & clinic) Referral of cases to Hospital	Lecture Discussion Charts Film Field Visit.
2.	Give advise to the mother regarding the confinement at home.	2 2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4 2.5	Preparation for confinement Physical facilities, water, light, heat, Privacy. Preparation of patient Preparation of room/home Preparation of Midwifery equipment/bag technique Preparation for Baby	
3.	Develop skills in the management of delivery at home & give postnatal care to the mother & child.	3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 3.5 3.6 3.7	Management of three stages of labour. Nursing Care of the new born Nursing care during pureperium (Normal & Abnormal) Care of Mother & Child Health education Postnatal checkup (at 6 weeks) Family Planning advise Refer to F.P. Clinic	

<u>Unit -16</u>

MIDWIFERY RELATION TO PUBLIC HEALTH TIME: 12 HOURS

-	OBJECTIVES		CONTENTS	TEACHING/LEARNING STRATEGIES
1.	Gain knowledge about the referral system of her province.	1.	Referral System. BHU/MCH - RHC - THQ Hospital - DHQ - Teaching Institution.	Lecture Discussion. Visit/Field Inspection.
2.	Gain knowledge about the Govt. & Non Govt. Agencies to contact for help.	2. 2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4	Helping Agencies. Govt. WHO, UNICEF, UNESCO, SOCIAL SECURITY. Non-Government Organization Red Crescent/Red Cross, Edhi Welfare.	
3.	Knowledge about the controlling bodies of training of midwife.	3.1 3.2	Pakistan Nursing Council Provincial Nursing Examination Board.	
4.	Understand the importance of legal aspects of midwifery practice.	4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4	Rules & Regulations governing the practice and supervision of midwives. Reg PNC. Allowed to practice normal midwifery. Responsibilities as a midwife. Birth & death Registration. Notification of Communicable diseases.	

EPI

TIME: 6 HOURS

193	OBJECTIVES	27157	CONTENTS	TEACHING/LEARNING STRATEGIES
1.	Understand the importance of EPI and refer the clients	1.1	Introduction (Definition-History & Purposes)	Lecture Discussion.
	to EPI Centre	1.2	Name of 6 diseases covered in EPI (TB, DIPHTHERIA, WHOOPING COUGH,	Demonstration Charts Field visit.
		1.3	TETANUS, POLIO, MEASLES). Short description of diseases.	
		1.4	Schedule of Immunization. Information about E.P.I. Center	

FAMILY PLANNING

TIME: 12 HOURS

	OBJECTIVES		CONTENTS	TEACHING/LEARNING STRATEGIES
1.	Understand the importance of Family Planning and motivate families to	1.1 1.2	Definition History of development of Family Planning.	Lecture Discussion Charts.
	practice Family Planning.	1.3	Advantages and Disadvantages. Review of Male & Female reproductive organs & its functions Contraceptives.	Field trip. Film.
		1.5 1.6. 1.7	Contraception & Contraceptives. Motivation and Counselling. Different methods of contraception	
		1.8 1.9 1.10	Temporary methods Old Method. Barrier Method.	
		1.11 1.12 1.13 1.14	Hormonal contraceptives. Permanent Methods. Female Male	